

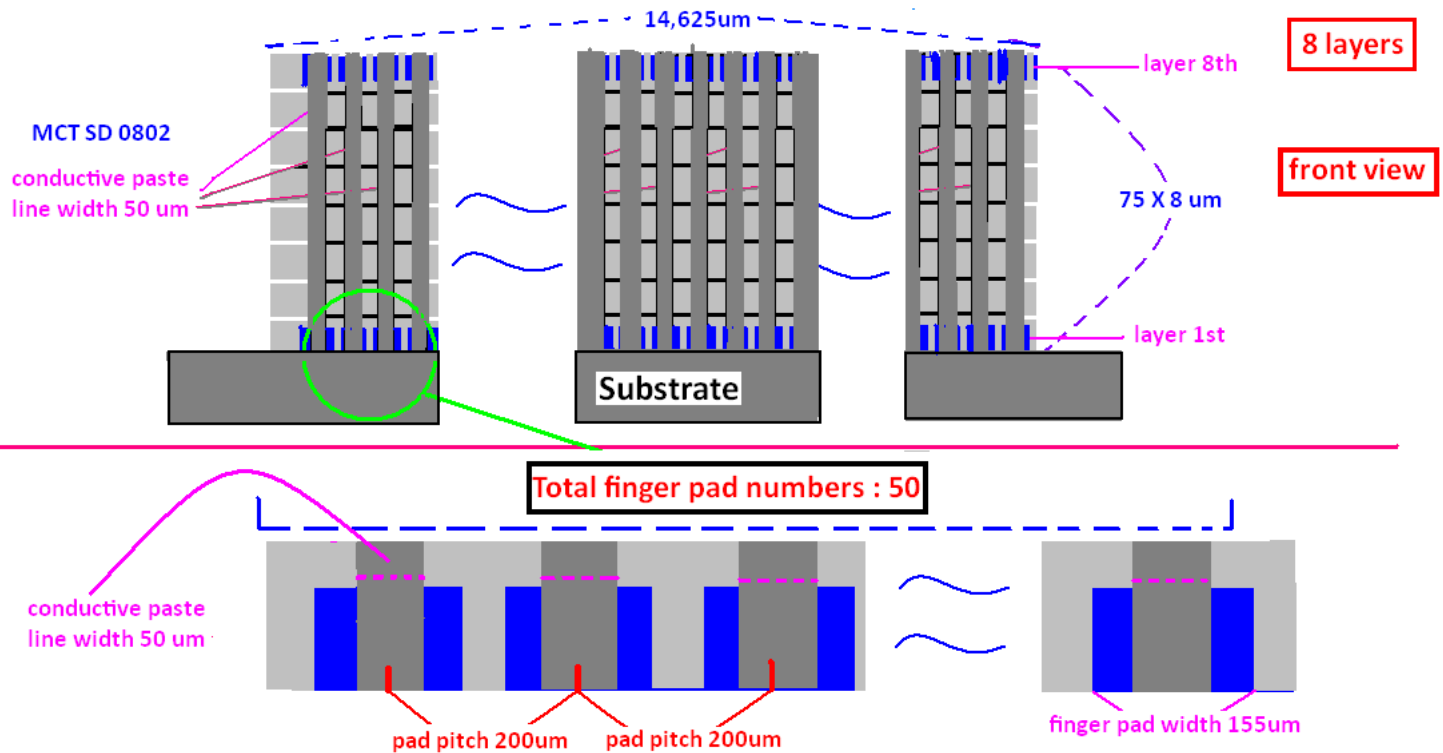
# MicroCoat Technologies

McKinney, Texas USA

Application of MCT SD 0802 for an 8 layer DRAM

3D dispensing test – line width 50 um

# MCT SD 0802 test for 8 layers

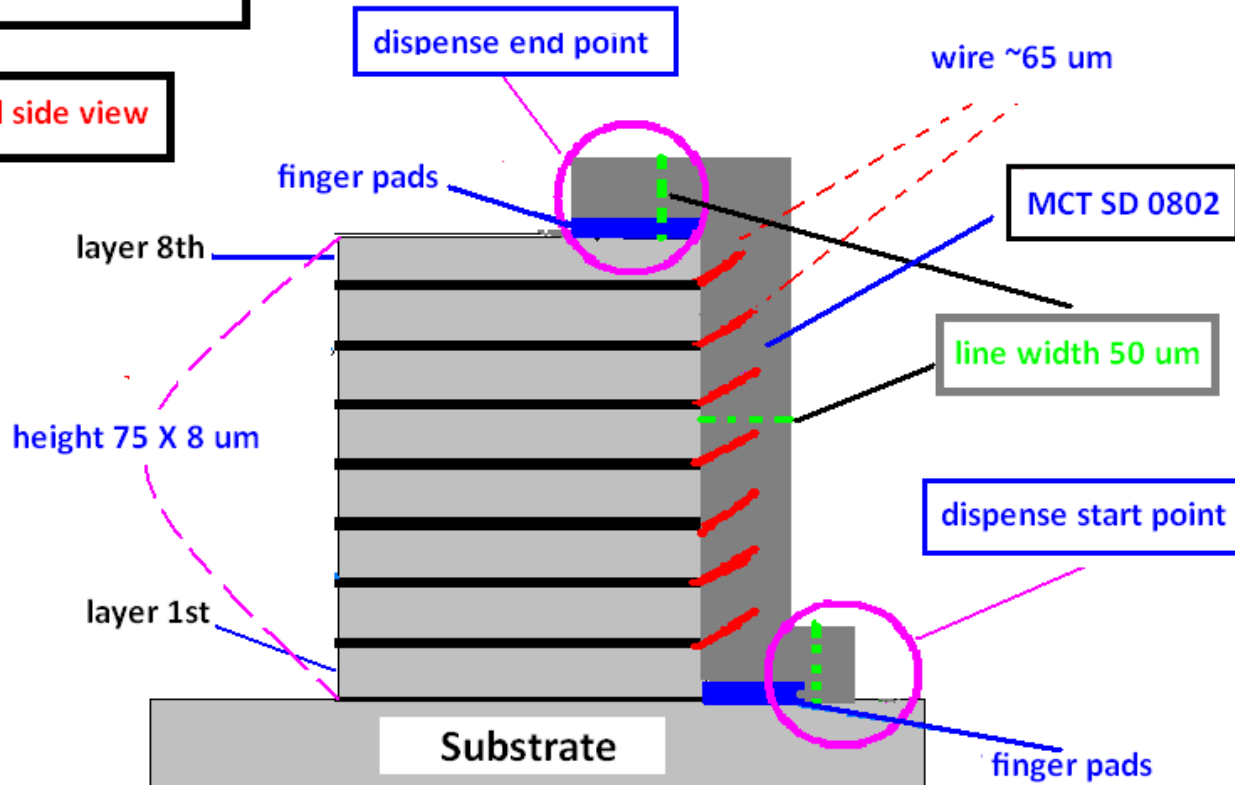


# MCT SD 0802

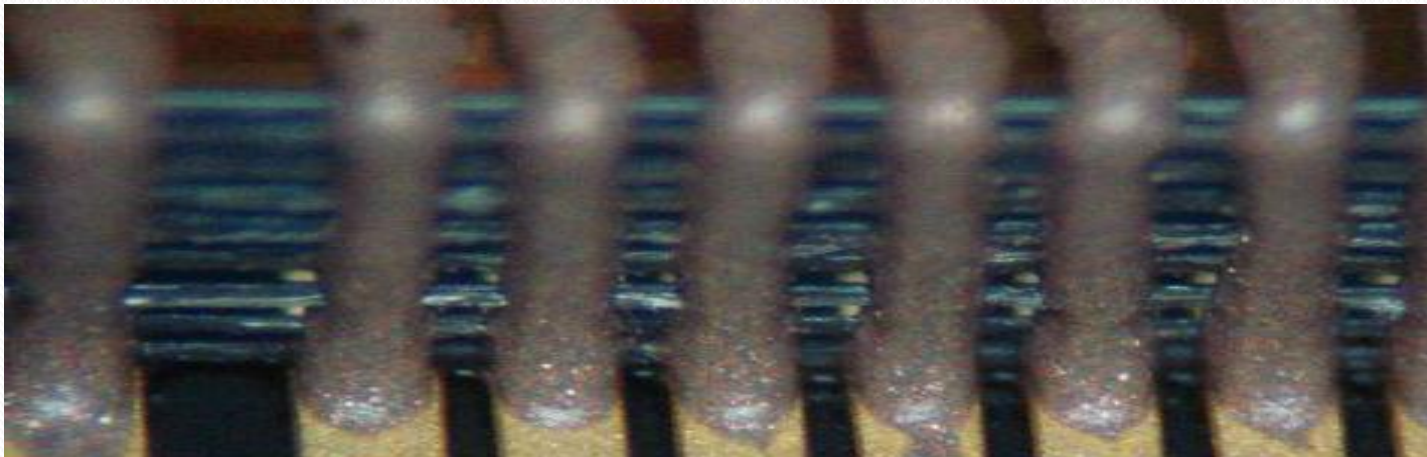
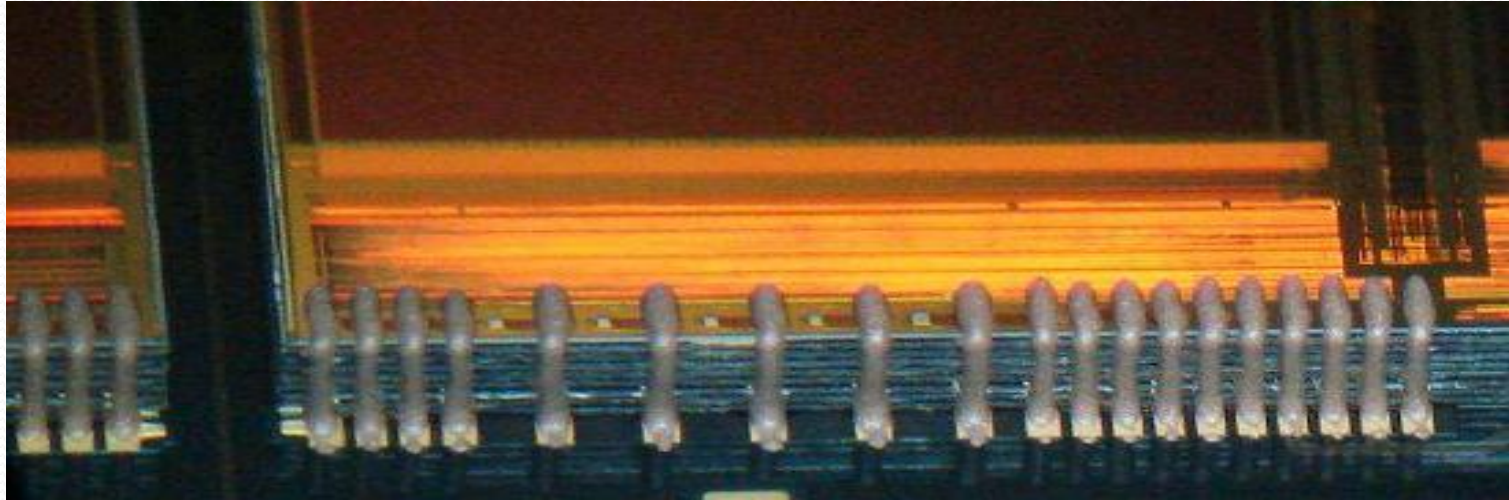
Total pad numbers : 50

8 layers

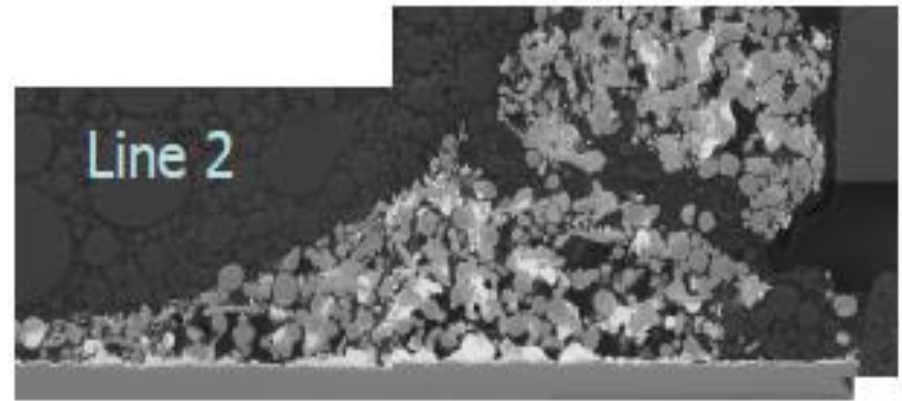
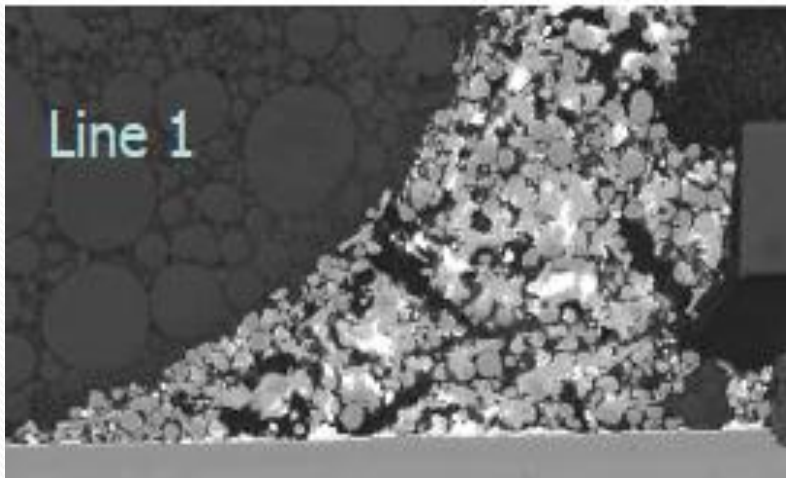
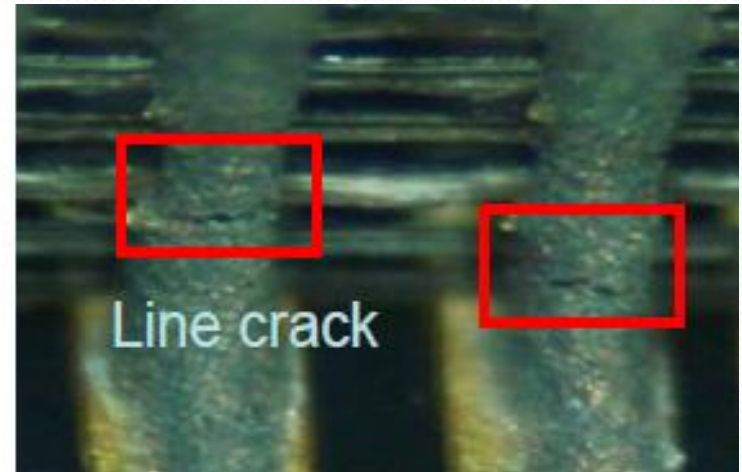
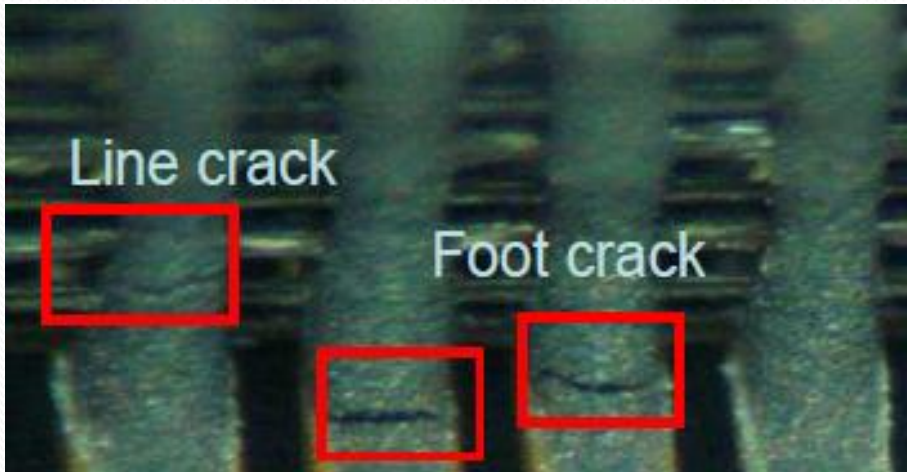
single pad side view



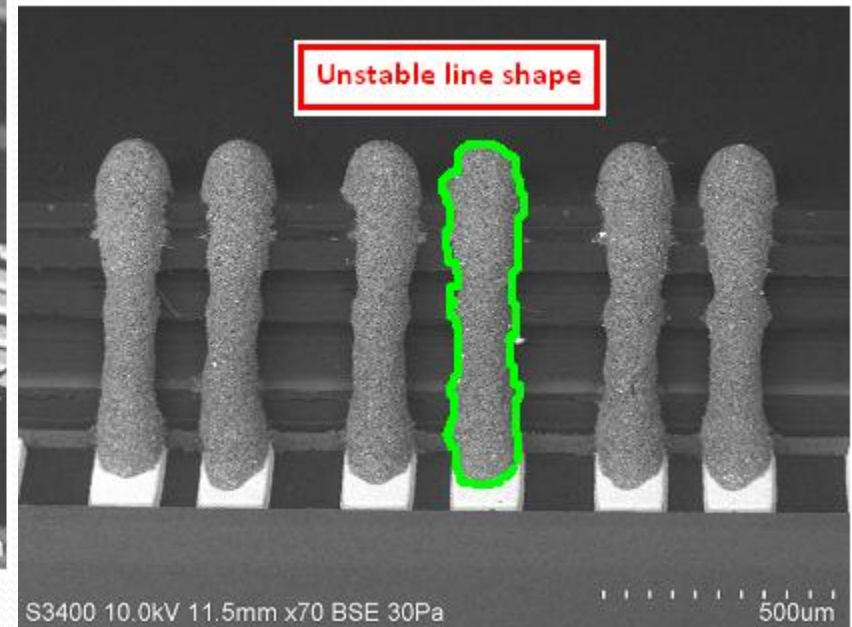
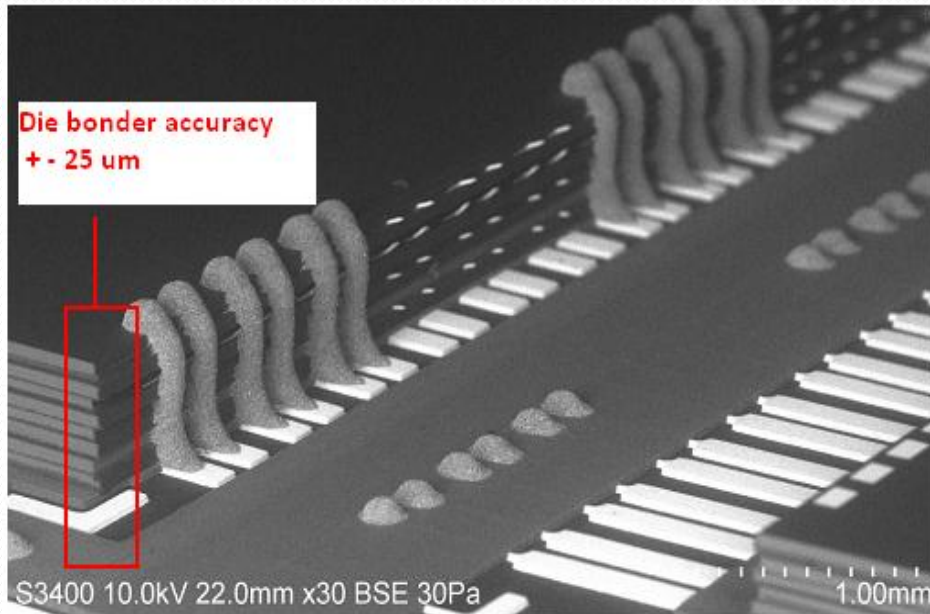
# Most Important part of deposition is foot pad length/thickness



Adhesive cracking is due to too little amount of adhesive where stack meets PCB

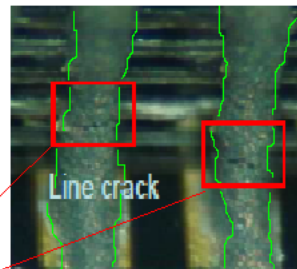
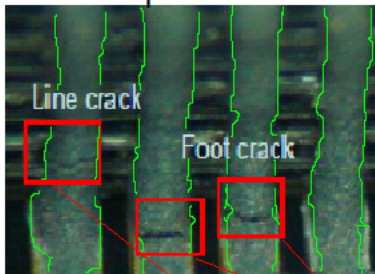


# Jet Spray causes uneven line widths

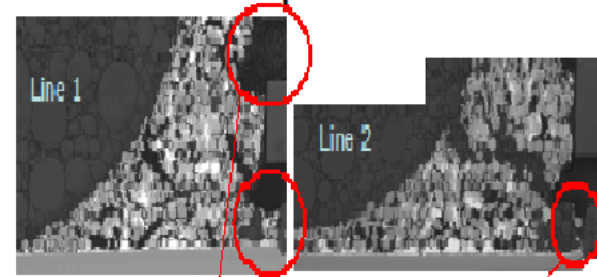


# Jet Spray inability to produce homogenous line widths

## SEM inspection



## Cross-section inspection



### Crack problem description

1. Unstable dispensing of Jet valve
  - a. Thickness : too thin area
  - b. Shape : relative narrow neck area
  - c. narrow process window
2. Conductive paste:
  - a. Big "void". This conductive paste cannot flow into a crevice. No "down to the hole" feature
  - b. 4% Shrinkage makes these area even thinner Not solvent free,
  - c. No flexibility feature. The thin paste area becomes too brittle by TC test and it cracks. CTE problem
  - d. Low power problem, the less conductive material area at base of stack die, it will give higher contact resistance.

relative narrow neck area

4% Shrinkage

Unstable shape

Too big Void problem caused by die bonder's accuracy  $\pm 25 \mu\text{m}$  and jet valve narrow process window.

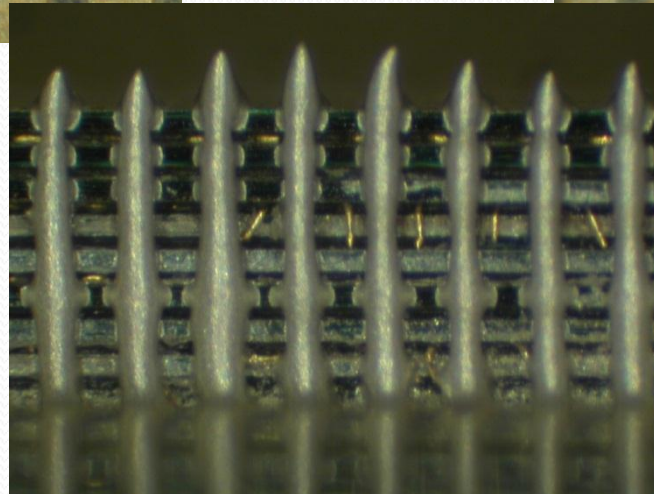
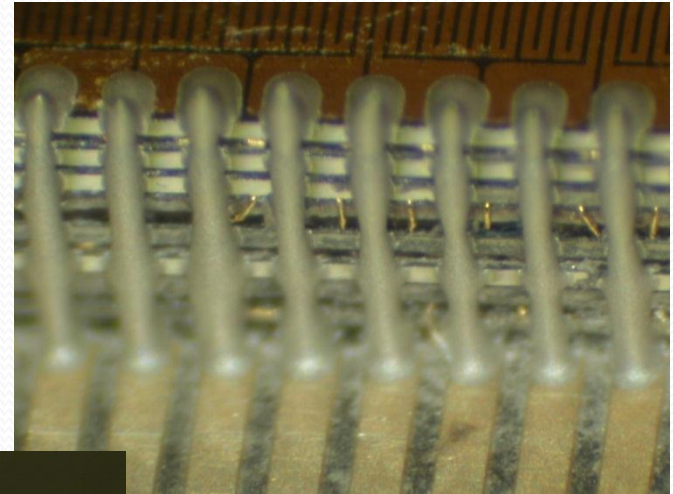
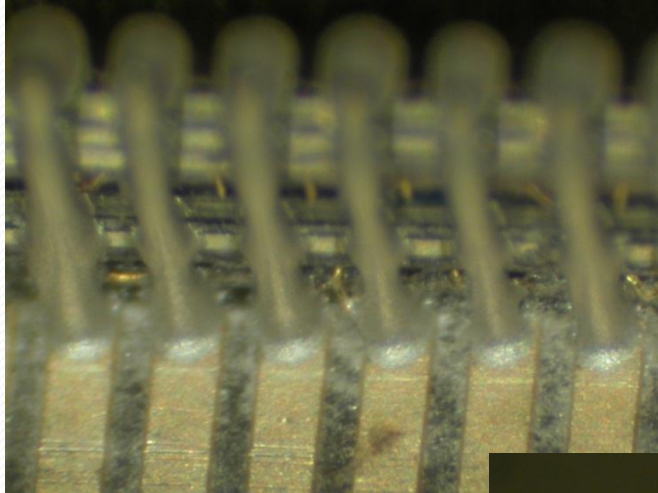
Too thin area

VOID

VOID

# SD0802 Dispense on SDRAM

Very Successful!!



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McKinney, TX